Exploring Ethics in Science

On the next page you will find the transcript of a letter written by Albert Einstein to F.D. Roosevelt in 1939. Read this letter and take a moment to reflect on the following questions.

- 1. In this letter, Einstein refers to the possibility of setting up a nuclear chain reaction to produce a bomb. Is the process Einstein is referring to an example of nuclear fission, or nuclear fusion?
- 2. Reading this letter, it is evident that Einstein felt some sort of obligation to inform Roosevelt about this situation. As a scientist working on nuclear physics, do think that Einstein had a moral obligation to write this letter? Explain your reasoning.
- 3. In general, are scientists responsible for the outcomes and application of their research? Is it the responsibility of a researcher to consider these things before they publish their work? In other words, can the scientists who worked on nuclear research in the early 1900's inherently responsible for the creation of nuclear weapons? Can they be held responsible for the modern nuclear reactors that are used to produce electrical energy?

Richard Fyenman was an American theoretical physicist who worked on the Manhattan Project. In <u>this video</u>, he shares a very candid reflection on his part in creating the World's first atomic weapon.

Albert Einstein Old Grove Rd. Hassau Point Peconic, Long Island

August 2nd, 1939

F.D. Roosevelt, President of the United States, White House Washington, D.C.

Sir:

Some recent work by E.Fermi and L. Szilard, which has been communicated to me in manuscript, leads me to expect that the element uranium may be turned into a new and important source of energy in the immediate future. Certain aspects of the situation which has arisen seem to call for watchfulness and, if necessary, quick action on the part of the Administration. I believe therefore that it is my duty to bring to your attention the following facts and recommendations:

In the course of the last four months it has been made probable through the work of Joliot in France as well as Fermi and Szilard in
America - that it may become possible to set up a nuclear chain reaction
in a large mass of uranium, by which wast amounts of power and large quantities of new radium-like elements would be generated. Now it appears
almost certain that this could be achieved in the immediate future.

This new phenomenon would also lead to the construction of bombs, and it is conceivable - though much less certain - that extremely powerful bombs of a new type may thus be constructed. A single bomb of this type, carried by boat and exploded in a port, might very well destroy the whole port together with some of the surrounding territory. However, such bombs might very well prove to be too heavy for transportation by air.

The United States has only very poor ores of uranium in moderate quantities. There is some good ore in Canada and the former Czechoslovakia, while the most important source of uranium is Belgian Congo.

In view of this situation you may think it desirable to have some permanent contact maintained between the Administration and the group of physicists working on chain reactions in America. One possible way of achieving this might be for you to entrust with this task a person who has your confidence and who could perhaps serve in an inofficial capacity. His task might comprise the following:

- a) to approach Government Departments, keep them informed of the further development, and put forward recommendations for Government action, giving particular attention to the problem of securing a supply of uranium ore for the United States:
- b) to speed up the experimental work, which is at present being carried on within the limits of the budgets of University laboratories, by providing funds, if such funds be required, through his contacts with private persons who are willing to make contributions for this cause, and perhaps also by obtaining the co-operation of industrial laboratories which have the necessary equipment.

I understand that Germany has actually stopped the sale of uranium from the Czechoslovakian mines which she has taken over. That she should have taken such early action might perhaps be understood on the ground that the son of the German Under-Secretary of State, won Weizsäcker, is attached to the Kaiser-Wilhelm-Institut in Berlin where some of the American work on uranium is now being repeated.

Yours very truly.

#. binstein
(Albert Einstein)